

BESS-Polar is an advanced program of the BESS collaboration to study these topics with much greater precision using long duration flights above Antarctica. The BESS-Polar spectrometer was successfully developed to accumulate much larger numbers of events during long duration flights around the South Pole.

The first scientific flight of the BESS-Polar balloon-borne experiment was successfully carried out in December 2004 from Antarctica with the primary scientific ...

Endless Energy, in partnership with ComAp and EIS, secured the contract to design and install a cutting edge 10 MWh Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) for the Scott Base redevelopment. The BESS will connect to three new 1MW wind turbines and a new microgrid system between Scott Base, the Crater Hill Wind Farm, and the American run ...

BESS-Polar has the largest geometry factor of any balloon-borne magnet spectrometer currently flying, and is ideally suited to statistics-limited studies of $Z=1$ and $Z=2$ components - identifying antiprotons, and searching for antihelium nuclei in the cosmic radiation.

We report new measurements of the energy spectra of cosmic-ray protons and helium made by the BESS-Polar Collaboration (Balloon-borne Experiment with a Superconducting Spectrometer-Polar) during long-duration balloon (LDB) flights over Antarctica in December 2004 (BESS-Polar I), prior to the last solar minimum, and in December 2007 (BESS-Polar ...

The first and second scientific flights called BESS-Polar I/II were successfully performed, over Antarctica in 2004 December and 2007 December respectively. We report the ...

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protons and ...

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The BESS-polar detector is designed to meet the requirements of long duration balloon flights over Antarctica. The total weight of the payload will be about 1500 kg. A dedicated solar battery system providing 600 W electric power is also being developed for the front-end electronics and the data acquisition system.

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